



Why the Western Allies Dare Not Set Rudolf Hess Free

BY HANS VON THENEN

THE ANSWER to that question is in short: because he then would talk! Would this be so dangerous? Yes! So much that it would topple everything the Allies had plotted against Germany and Austria since the turn of the century. From numerous British and American sources we know—and we have to pick only one name out of many because that man has spoken out often and clearly enough: Winston Churchill—that

THE HESS SAGA

For the crime of trying to bring peace to war-torn Europe, the former Deputy Reichfuhrer was detained in Great Britain in 1941, was branded a war criminal in 1946, and incarcerated since then in Berlin's Spandau prison. He is the sole remaining German war-time leader still in prison. (See "The Case of Rudolf Hess" in the Winter 1970 issue, and "The Inside Story of the Hess Flight" in the Spring 1974 issue of *THE AMERICAN MERCURY*.)

the first world war had been prepared long before by England, France and Russia. Had not Russia lost the war against Japan, the war against Germany would have started in 1905 as planned. When everything was ready, the signal was given: Sarajevo! This was Churchill's first crime.

At work with, before and after him was, of course, a large number of other criminals who used the lie-campaign of mass media (at that time only press and telegraph were available) to make the world believe that Germany and Austria were the culprits. Alfred Harmsworth's (for his success in turning the world toward the mess we are in today, he was made Lord Northcliffe) lie-and-hate-spitting newspapers *Times*, *Daily Mirror* in London, Bunau-Varilla's *Matin* in Paris, and A. Suvorin's *Novoje Vremja* in Russia in those years did nothing but sow hatred against everything German—as did papers like the *New York Times*, *Washington Post* and many others in the United States.

The Churchill-gang's second crime was: *Lusitania!*—the ammunition-laden pas-

sengership which operated against every international law and played the same provocative role as Pearl Harbor in World War II. And like the latter it was not only a crime against the Central Powers or the Axis but also against the American people who, by this evil means, were pushed into a war for which they had—again like Pearl Harbor—neither understanding nor interest.

Hunger Blockade

Churchill's third crime—and here he was personally responsible!—was the continuation of the hunger blockade against the German people, long after the surrender and ceasefire. Many thousands of women and children in Germany and Austria fell victim to this crime. To kill the weak and the helpless had always been Churchill's inhuman and perverse goal, as in the Boer war, in India, and 1945 in Dresden and Chemnitz. The treacherous defection of Italy from the alliance with Germany and Austria was the work of the men—and women—around Churchill: as in the case of Sarajevo another daughter of the gangster captain Nikita of Montenegro, Helena, queen of Italy, successfully accomplished the fateful rift.

Churchill's next crimes were the hate dictates of Versailles and St. Germain which trampled down every law of nations, every right to self-determination for the vanquished. These acts of hatred were the only cause for the origin of Nazism and the outbreak of World War II, as Professor William E. Leuchtenburg, historian of Columbia University, has made very clear.

The crime, however, which must be called the most satanic since the beginning of time, was the brainchild of both Churchill and FDR: when they sacrificed the entire Pacific fleet of the United States with 4300 officers and men on board for the sole purpose of declaring war on Germany. Since they failed to provoke Hitler, they chose the more successful "detour" over Japan. Whether Hitler would have been able to avoid a war with America is doubtful: the two "devils in man's disguise," Churchill and FDR, would have

found another way to reach their goal, destruction of Germany.

Destruction of Bolshevism

Hitler could have destroyed bolshevism which today threatens and virtually already dominates the world world. He already had recovered those parts of Germany (except South Tyrol) which had been victim of allied robbery in 1919. The fact that Hitler did not demand South Tyrol from Mussolini, was Hitler's only crime as far as territorial right was involved. Hitler did not want more.

Sent to Negotiate Peace

That's why Hitler sent Rudolf Hess to England: to negotiate peace—a just peace, free from communism. Yet, such a peace would have been entirely against the goals of the Western Allies, because these were the complete destruction of Germany. From his experience of 1918-19 Churchill knew that only a militarily completely battered, a morally completely will-less and starving adversary could be forced to succumb to the will of the ruthless victor. Rudolf Hess as a peace-maker was undesirable! Had not Churchill openly proclaimed: "I have spent the greatest part of my life waging war against Germany—or preparing it"?

This is the reason why Rudolf Hess was held captive in England until the end of the war. NOW THINK: The deputy of the "Fuehrer" came to the enemy on an official mission, as a parlementaire, of his own free will. He was therefore, according to international law, immune, and should have been, in case of a failure of his mission, sent back unharmed! But the professional war-instigators, who had acquired a colonial world empire by brutal force, to whom cruelty had become "second nature," were not moved by any feeling of a conscience. Of course: they did not want peace, after they had started the war by criminal tricks against everyone except themselves—and Wall Street! Even Hitler, as evil as he was, would never had had the guts—and even a thought—to sacrifice 4300 officers and men of his own navy, as Churchill and FDR had done!

The British had taken the German colonies after World War I not only because they coveted them, but because the aborigines knew very well that the Germans treated them as human beings, and educated them to become valuable people, while the Western powers (quite like the communists!) treated them as slaves and exploited them. The ultimate goal of the British and their allies had been from the beginning to destroy all of Germany. This included the colonies which the Germans would have recovered in case of a just peace.

How could Churchill and FDR destroy all of Germany if they negotiated with Rudolf Hess and made peace—as long as Germany was still strong? How could they do that, especially after they had handed over half of Europe and spiritually even their own countries—to Stalin who in the end was to become the only victor? Thus the filthiest lie-propaganda was started, and the mass media denied the truth that Rudolf Hess had come to England in secret mission on Hitler's order. What excuse could be given? He was declared insane!—in England for centuries a favorite and often-employed means to get rid of inconvenient people—and confined to a mental institution. The West preferred to let Bolshevism get strong—without thinking that this was suicide of the West.

When finally the show-trials at Nuremberg started—tailored for the mass media and their victims: the readers and listeners—Rudolf Hess was pulled out of the madhouse—only to disappear again—forever?—without even having a chance to speak out?—in Spandau prison, where he is not allowed to speak to anyone. Of course, letters he writes from his cell are censored and can never express the thought of the lonely prisoner.

If he were free, the entire card house of the allied crimes would collapse, the world would finally learn the truth, and even such illusive structures as the Zionist state in Palestine with its innumerable crimes against the Arabs would burst like soap bubbles. For truth's sake Hess flew to England, for lies' sake he must remain

buried alive in Spandau—as he was in England during the war. But for truth's sake he MUST go free!

Sees Wife and Son in 1969

The above lines were written in spring 1969. I remembered them when I read the news that Rudolf Hess had to be transferred to a hospital to be treated for abdominal ulcers. The hospital, of course, was the British Military Hospital in Berlin. This was by the end of November 1969. When Hess started on his flight to England from an airport near Augsburg—in May 1941—he had seen his wife and then three year old son Wolf-Ruediger for the last time. It was understandable that ever since—under the degrading circumstances of being a prisoner—he had refused to see his wife and son.

The time Rudolf Hess had to spend at the hospital, probably kept the British and American politicians more nervous than all others involved: Every word he spoke with wife and son had to be watched. If the British, revelling in “humanity,” possessed only a little sense of honor and decency, they must have blushed. They allowed only thirty minutes for the get-together of the Hess family. The request for another thirty minutes was rejected. This would have been too much strain for the nerves and the bad consciences of the men who had to watch that the most evil secret in the history of the West be kept tight.

I am writing these lines on January 3, 1970. In a newspaper dated January 2, I read: “Neither the wife nor the son were allowed to ‘touch’ the patient. They had to promise in writing to keep absolute silence about their conversation with husband and father.” A posse of allied soldiers watched over the safeguarding of all these “humanitarian” regulations.

Should Hess ever become free as long as he is alive and able to think and speak with a sound mind—that is undisturbed by drugs that may be forced on him, should he get a chance to talk unrestrained—his suffering in the solitude behind cruel bars would not have been in vain.